## 香港西樂園觀音法宴

## A Guanyin Dharma Banquet at Western Bliss Garden, Hong Kong

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DHARMA TALK BY THE VENERABLE MASTER HSUAN HUA ON THE MORNING OF JUNE 15, 1958 DURING A GUANYIN RECITATION SESSION AT WESTERN BLISS GARDEN, HONG KONG

編輯部 英譯 ENGLISH TRANSLATED BY EDITORIAL STAFF



## (五) 教他作, 罪加三級

昨天我曾很簡單地對大家解說一段 〈懺悔文〉,但只是解釋到「狎近 惡友,違背良師」,現在,我繼續 把它說下去:

「自作教他」我們知道無論殺、 盗、淫、妄、酒,都是不正當的行 爲,而每種罪業,又分有因、緣、 法、業四種,譬如說殺,殺有「殺 因」、「殺緣」、「殺法」、「殺 業」,無論哪一種,又都離不了「 自作」或「教他作」。

「自作」,就是不假手旁人,親 自去做不正當的事。「教他作」,就 是鼓勵和教唆別人去做不正當的事, 這種間接犯罪的方法,比直接的還要 罪加一等,因爲它在已有的罪上還加 上狡詐的罪行,所以「自作」固然有 罪,而「教他作」的罪行更大。

什麼是「見聞隨喜」呢?就是知 道別人在犯罪,而幫助他去犯,這就 是古人所說的「助紂爲虐」。我們試 閉目想想,從無始劫以來,我們究竟 犯了多少次這樣的罪?不用說得那麼 久遠,就在我們短短的一生中,所犯 的也就不可勝數了。

## V. Telling Others to Do Something Increases the Severity of the Offense

Yesterday I briefly explained part of the repentance text for everyone, but I only explained up to "being intimate with evil friends and turning away from good teachers." Now I will continue to explain further:

"I have done these myself, told others to do them, and rejoiced at seeing and hearing them done." We know that killing, stealing, sexual misconduct, lying, and taking intoxicants are improper ways to behave. Each of those offenses is divided into four aspects: causes, conditions, dharmas, and karma. For example, with killing there are the causes of killing, the conditions of killing, the dharmas of killing, and the karma of killing. In any of these aspects, one either personally commits the offense, or tells someone else to do it.

"Doing them oneself" means that instead of putting it into someone else's hands, one personally engages in the improper deed. "Telling others to do them" means encouraging and inciting others to do improper things. This way of indirectly committing an offense is more serious than directly committing it, because the offense of fraud is added to the original offense. Thus, if you do it yourself, it's already an offense, but if you tell others to do it, the offense is even greater.

What is "rejoicing at seeing and hearing it done?" It means you know someone else is committing an offense, and you help him to do it. The ancients called this "aiding the wicked King Zhou to do evil," that is, adding bad to worse. We should close our eyes and think about it: since eons without beginning, just how many times have we created these offenses? We don't even need to talk about such a distant time. In this short life alone, we have already made uncountable transgressions.

So the repentance continues, "All such offenses, limitless and boundless..." Our offenses are not only beyond reckoning, they are indeed vast beyond all bounds. Now that we realize how deep our offenses are

所以〈懺悔文〉接著又說:「如是等 罪,無量無邊。」我們的罪是算數之所不能 及,也可以說是大到無有邊際的。既然知道 自己罪深障重,那麼,我們應該怎樣做才對 呢?不用說,自然應該在佛前至誠懇切地懺 悔。

所以〈懺悔文〉又說:「故於今日生大 慚愧,克誠披露,求哀懺悔。」「克誠」二 字,是懺悔的時候所必須具有的心。有些人 對師父懺悔,非常地馬虎,常常藏頭露尾地 把過錯給遮掩,這表示他並沒有誠意來懺悔 自己的過失。像這樣的懺悔,就算歷盡百千 萬億恆河沙劫,也不能把罪業消除乾淨的。

所謂「直心是道場」,我們無論在誰 的面前懺悔,也要把話說得清楚,不要說一 些個模稜兩可的話。譬如,問他有沒有犯過 這種過失,他就說「不記得」,或者說「可 能有」等等,這種不徹底的懺悔,不但不能 消除罪業,反而會種下惡因,因爲佛法是絲 毫也不能馬虎的。有些人也會說:「某某人 做了哪些惡業,可是現在卻飛黃騰達,是不 是沒有因果,沒有公理?」有一首偈頌這樣 說:

> 縱使百千劫,所作業不亡; 因緣會遇時,果報還自受。

由此可知,造業是必有報應的,只是時 間的問題,看看因緣是否會合罷了。

有人又會說:「縱使百千劫,所作業 不亡;那麼,是不是沒有辦法消除罪障了 呢?」也不是沒有辦法,辦法就是「惟願三 寶慈悲攝受,放淨光明照觸我身。」希望 佛、法、僧三寶,能夠本著慈悲的大願,用 清淨無礙的大光明,照觸到我們的身上,這 種淨光照後,能令我們三障消除,如雲開見 月般,現出我們本來的清淨心性,所以說: 「諸惡消滅,三障蠲除,復本心源,究竟清 淨。」

說完了這首〈懺悔文〉以後,我希望大 家都能明白不懺悔的害處,和能懺悔的益 處。另外,還有一首〈懺悔文〉這樣說:

and how serious our obstructions are, what should we do? Without being told, you should naturally know to go repent sincerely before the Buddhas.

Thus the repentance text continues, "Therefore on this day, I bring forth great shame and remorse, confess sincerely, and seek to repent and reform." In repentance, sincerity is essential. Some people are very casual about it when they repent to their teacher. They give only a partial account, covering up or glossing over their mistakes. This shows that they are not really sincere about repenting of their errors. If that's how they repent, then even after as many eons as there are sands in a hundred million Ganges Rivers, the karma of their offenses will not be cancelled.

It's said, "The straight mind is the Way-place." No matter in front of whom we are repenting, we must say our confession clearly. Don't be vague and vacillating. For example, if you ask someone if he has ever committed a certain offense, he says, "I don't remember," "I might have," or the like. Instead of eradicating the karma of one's offenses, that kind of superficial repentance only plants evil causes, because in the Buddhadharma, one cannot be the slightest bit careless. Some people will always bring up certain examples, such as, "So-and-so created all that bad karma, but now he's so successful. Does that mean there's no cause and effect? Is there no justice?" There's a verse which goes:

Even in a hundred thousand eons, The karma you create does not perish. When the conditions come together, You must still undergo the retribution yourself

From this, we know the karma we create is sure to bring a result, a corresponding retribution. It's only a question of time; it depends on whether the conditions have come together or not.

Now someone may ask, "If it's the case that 'even in a hundred thousand eons, the karma you create does not perish,' then is there no way to eradicate the karma of our offenses?" There is a way, which is





往昔所造諸惡業,皆由無始貪瞋癡; 從身語意之所生,一切我今皆懺悔。

這首〈懺悔文〉不但能懺悔罪障,而且 能把我們所以造罪的原因說出來,所以我希 望每個人天天都能在佛前,誠心地念誦三遍 或數遍。現在,我也把它略略解說一下:

「往昔」,就是以前。近的以前是今生的以前,遠的以前是無始劫以來。在這往昔的時光中,我們不但出牛胎,入馬腹,一時姓張,一時姓李,輪轉於六道之內,而且在這段時間中,我們又不知造了多少罪業。

爲什麼我們會造罪呢?〈懺悔文〉中 說得清楚,「皆由無始貪瞋癡」,這意念上 的貪、瞋、癡三毒,就是萌發無數罪業的根 由。還有因爲這三毒的作祟,我們的身體又 做出了殺、盜、淫三業,在語言上也產生了 妄語、綺語、惡口、兩舌等罪,所以文中又 說:「從身、語、意之所生。」

無論是身體上犯的殺、盜、淫三業也好,還是語言上所犯的妄語、綺語、惡口、兩舌也好,或者是在意念上所犯的貪、瞋、癡也好,我們都要懇切地懺悔;否則會如入泥沼,愈陷愈深,罪業愈來愈重,把我們壓得喘不過氣,無能自拔。

在座各位都具上上的善根,我相信大家 都會不忘懺悔,而一定能夠發願把罪業懺悔 和消除盡的。 to say: "I only hope the Triple Jewel will compassionately gather me in, and emit a pure light to shine on my body." That is, one hopes the Triple Jewel--the Buddha, the Dharma, and the Sangha--will, in their great vows of compassion, shine their pure, unobstructed, great radiance upon our bodies. When this pure light shines on us, it can remove the three obstructions and reveal our original pure mind and nature, just as the clouds disperse to reveal the moon. Then we conclude the repentance by saying, "All evil is extinguished, and the three obstructions are cast out. I return to the original mind-source and am ultimately pure."

Now that I've explained this repentance text, I hope everyone understands the harm of not repenting, and the benefits of being able to repent. Another verse of repentance says:

For all the had karma created in the past,
Based upon beginningless greed, hatred and delusion,
And born of body, mouth and mind,
I now repent and reform.

This verse of repentance not only allows us to repent of our offenses which have become obstructions, it also explains what caused us to create those offenses. So I hope everyone can sincerely recite it before the Buddhas each day, three times or limitless times. Now I will briefly explain it.

"In the past" includes the recent past, which is this life, and the distant past, which extends back to eons without beginning. In our past lives, we have turned in the six paths, leaving a cow's womb, entering a horse's womb, sometimes born in the Smith family, sometimes born in the Jones family. During all that time, who knows how much karma we created with our offenses?

Why do we commit offenses? The repentance verse says very clearly that it's "based upon beginningless greed, hatred, and delusion." The three poisons of greed, hatred, and delusion in the mind are the root cause from which immeasurable karma of offenses stems. And due to the evil influence of the three poisons, our bodies engage in the karma of killing, stealing, and sexual misconduct. In our speech, we engage in lying, frivolous talk, scolding, backbiting, and so on. Thus the verse says, "And born of body, mouth, and mind."

Whether it's the three offenses of killing, stealing, and sexual misconduct which we commit with our bodies, or the lying, frivolous talk, scolding, and backbiting committed in our speech, or the greed, hatred and delusion in our minds, we must sincerely repent of them all. Otherwise, we will be as if caught in quicksand, sinking deeper as the karma from our offenses grows heavier. We will be buried until we can't breathe, unable to pull ourselves out.

Everyone here has supreme good roots. I believe no one will forget to repent, and everyone will make a vow to repent of and eradicate all the karma of their offenses.