# 感谢您為我們奉獻了一生

## Gratitude for the Dedication of Your Lives

瓊斯啓德教授 2003年11月15日講於萬佛城

SPOKEN BY KIT JONES ON NOVEMBER 15, 2003, HONORING ELDERS DAY AT THE CITY OF TEN THOUSAND BUDDHAS 孫海麗 中譯 CHINESE TRANSLATION BY HAILEE SUN

早安,首先我要感激辦公室的朱居士,每年都非常熱心地安排嚮導帶引我在曼都 仙諾學院教授世界宗教課的學生參觀萬佛 城;同時我也要感謝法師在過去數年的訪 問中給予我們親切的指導,他們總是善巧 方便的鼓勵我們瞭解佛法。我知道萬佛城 一向都是非常支持附近的教育機構,同時 也提供了此地居民非常有價值的文化交流。

焼田 Bodhi Field

我很榮幸,能有機會在敬老節這一天和 大家講話。我覺得這個節日非常有意義而且 對我們社區的互助上非常有貢獻。在談到敬 老節的感想時,首先我要回憶我的長輩,特 別是家父母。我的母親是一位非常顧家,熱 愛孩子及嚮往大自然的婦女;我的父親在今 年過94歲生日之前過世了,他生前非常活躍 於社區工作,他擔任過數年瑜伽市老人中心 的主任。他對國際交流也很有興趣,常到各 處旅遊。他在1930年代曾到過中國,我對亞 洲文化一直很有興趣,相信與父親有關。

當我想到年老的人,我想到的是那些 跟我們在一起很久,對孩子、家庭、朋友, 及社區長年付出的人,他們為關愛的人和自 己的信仰服務奉獻,我想到自己的父母、祖 父母及追本溯源到我們的老祖先,是他們長 久以來不斷地發揚、維護我們的傳統,無形 中塑成今日的美國文化。甚至我也想到大自 然裡的生靈,因爲它們的存在,我們得以生 存和有舒適的人生,因爲山河大地使我們享 有種種美麗的生態環境。我看待它們如同長 者,感恩之心油然而生。 Good Morning. To begin with I would like to express my appreciation to John [Chu] at the Reception Office for being so helpful year after year in arranging tours for my Mendocino College Religions of the World classes. He is always very helpful in finding us tour guides for the day. And I would like to thank the Dharma Masters for being such gracious guides during our visits in the past several years. They are always very informative and encouraging to myself and my students in our efforts to understand Buddhism. I know that the City of Ten Thousand Buddhas has always been very supportive of its neighboring educational institutions in this area and I believe that this support provides a valuable cultural exchange for the citizens of the area.

I am grateful for this opportunity to speak to you at this ceremony honoring elders as I believe that this event is a wonderful and much needed contribution to our community. I want to begin by remembering my own elders, specifically my parents. I remember my mother Barbara, for being a woman who deeply cared for her family, for her love of children, and for her reverent connection to nature. I remember my father Bill, who passed away this year just before his ninety-fourth birthday, as a man of active involvement in community work. He was, in fact, the Director of the Ukiah Senior Center for a few years. He was interested in international exchange and traveled extensively as part of this activity, even traveling in China in the 1930s. It is probably from him that I get my long-standing interest in Asian culture.

When I think of elders I think of those who have been with us a long time; of those who have given much to their children, families, friends, and communities. I think of those who have given years of service to those they love and principles they believe in. I think of parents, grandparents, and I think of our ancestors going back to antiquity who have helped develop and preserve the traditions which shape the life of our culture. And furthermore, I think of those members of the natural world who likewise have been here a long time, and who also provide support and comfort for our lives. I think of the earth, the water and rocks, and of the great, aged trees that give

⊞

但是當我想起這些長者時,對於他們所 受到的冷落而感到遺憾。每年我們慶祝許多 的節日,如感恩節、國慶日、萬聖節、復活 節,耶誕節等等,但是沒有一個節日禮敬感 恩長者。我認爲社會之所以如此輕易地忽略 尊敬長者是因爲美國還是一個年輕、文化尙 未成熟的國家。今天我們的主流文化是強調 年輕的魅力與步調,奪目的財富以及科技的 力量。我相信很不幸地我們常常表現出一付 自大而眼光短淺的姿態。威爾柏肯恩寫道:

「到處威脅著真、善、美的不是黑暗的勢力 而是短見;它竟然還自稱有深度。就是這有 精力又無畏的短視充斥而造成現代危機、現 代威脅,而世人還叫我們救世者。

我們可能失去了光明與高峰,但更恐 怖的是,我們失去了神秘與深度,真空與 黑洞,迷失在一個只注重膚淺的外表,虛 幻不實的世界裡,這些只顧外在的先知樂於 勸告我們一頭栽進那沒有深度的池子中!」 所以我相信美國文化還不成熟,它還停留在 充滿夢幻的青少年時期,雖然它強有力,但 智慧不足。

現在應該積極努力的目標是如何使我 們的文化變得有深度而成熟。要做到這一 點,我們必須認知我們周遭的人,和生活中 各層面與我們都是息息相關的。不珍惜這些 關係,自然不能彼此尊重,尤其是對長輩。 假使無法尊敬長者,這就意味他們過去所做 的一切對我們毫不重要,這是不是也意味著 我們辛苦所造的每一天,在孩子的眼中也毫 不重要?我們等於是在教育他們目前所有的 成就與價值觀只現在重要並不值得保存,那 等到我們老時怎能期望子女敬重我們和我們 的成就?在敬老時我們感激他們所賜,尊敬 他們以其人生孕育出我們的價值觀。敬老 也是教導孩子服務家庭與社區這個重要的 理念。所以在慶祝敬老節的今天,讓我們 一同歡喜愉快地對長者貴賓,孩子,以及 每一個人說:「這是我對您的祝福—在完 整健全的社區裡有一個長久而有意義的人 生。」謝謝。

But as I remember these elders, I cannot help being struck by how poorly we in the United States honor them. We have many celebrations in the year – Thanksgiving, Fourth of July, Halloween, Easter, Christmas, etc – but none which specifically focuses upon the senior members of our community. I believe that we too easily forget to honor our elders because the United States is still a young and immature culture. The dominant culture in this country today emphasizes youthful glamour and speed, flashy wealth, and technological power. It is unfortunate but I believe true that we often display a regional and global arrogance and shortsightedness. Ken Wilber, a Buddhistoriented philosopher, writes:

It is not the forces of darkness but of shallowness that everywhere threaten the true, and the good, and the beautiful, and that ironically announce themselves as deep and profound. It is an exuberant and fearless shallowness that everywhere is the modern danger, the modern threat, and that everywhere nonetheless calls to us as savior.

We might have lost the Light and the Height; but more frightening, we have Lost the Mystery and the Deep, the Emptiness and the Abyss, and lost it in a World dedicated to surfaces and shadows, exteriors and shells, whose prophets lovingly exhort us to dive into the shallow end of the pool head first.

So I believe that the culture of the United States is immature. It is still absorbed in the fascinations of the teenage years. Our culture in the United States is very powerful, but it is not yet wise.

It is urgent that we begin to move on, to deepen and mature our culture. To do this I believe we need to see that all people and all stages of life are deeply interconnected. If we fail to appreciate these interconnections we will automatically fail to honor one another, and especially our elders. If we fail to honor our elders we imply that what they did is not important to us. Do we also thereby imply that what we are working so hard to create each day need not be seen as important by our children? We imply and teach them that accomplishments and values are only important in the present and not worth preserving. So why should we expect our children to honor us or our accomplishments in our own future elder years? In honoring our elders we express appreciation for all they have given for our benefit, and we express respect for the values their lives have instilled in us. In honoring our elders we teach our children the fundamental importance of service to our families and communities. So in honoring our elders today let us all rejoice in saying to them, our children and to each other: "This is what I wish for you - a long and meaningful life in a whole and healthy community." Thank you!

Statement by Ken Wilber is quoted from the Introduction, page xi, in his book *Sex, Ecology, Spirituality: The Spirit of Evolution.* Shambhala, Boston and London. 1995

I

#### (上接第25頁)

た Bodhi Field

「孽鏡一照匾高懸」,你到地獄的時候,你就活著念大悲咒的時候,不須要死的時候,那個地獄就有一塊匾給你掛上,說這個人是一個專持大悲咒的行者,以大悲咒的威神力,所以在地獄裏頭,一切的閻羅王啊!十殿閻君、牛頭馬面,這一些個鬼王啊!就都互相傳報,見到這個人都恭恭敬敬 叩頭頂禮,不可以來對他不客氣

,就有這麼大的力量,那麼我們想要持大悲
咒,最好呢,就能吃齋。前幾天不講這個肉
字嘛!這個肉字講過了,不須再講,我今天
講一個公案給各位聽一聽,這個公案我相信
在座的各位善知識,都會聽過。那麼聽過的
善知識不妨多聽一遍,沒有聽過的呢?請你
注意聽一聽,先把耳朵要洗乾淨它,不然的
時候耳朵邋蹋,這個法寶也聽不進去,怎麼
樣呢?

### (上接第27頁)

有感恩的心,對每個人就會生起慈悲 心,自己的心就快樂,每天歡歡喜喜,做一 位歡喜菩薩,心情就會開朗,身體就會健 康,生活也會有意義。有人說:「做菩薩要 護持、要布施,我也沒有錢,怎麼辦 ?」有一句話說:我們沒有錢,但是我們有 「口」,「口」不要說是非,要說讚歎別人 的話。隨喜功德,別人歡喜,我們也歡喜。 所以我希望各位年長的貴賓歡歡喜喜來參 加「敬老節」,也要用歡喜心來行「菩薩 道」。

#### (Continued from page 25)

A plaque is hung up high, reflecting all offenses as a mirror would. If you were to recite the Great Compassion Mantra and go to the hells while alive, you would have a plaque hung up for you that says, "This person is someone who recites the Great Compassion Mantra." Due to the Great Compassion Mantra's awesome spiritual power, the ten kings of the underworld, those with human bodies and heads of oxen or horses, and other kings of ghosts will venerate you and get on their knees and bow. "No one should be impolite to this person." That's how powerful the mantra is.

It is best to be vegetarian if we uphold the Great Compassion Mantra. Didn't I talk about the Chinese character "meat" a few days ago? Since I have explained it already, I will not explain it again. Let me share an historical account with you. I believe all of you good advisors have heard this before. For those of you who have heard it before, you might as well listen to it one more time. As for those of you who have not heard it before, please pay attention. First, clean out your ears. If you ears are dirty, the precious Dharma can't go in. How does the story go?

• • • • • • • • • •

(Continued from page 27)

Living in this world, we receive so much kindness from others. Therefore, we should repay this kindness by being grateful. When we appreciate others, we give rise to compassion that in turn produces joy in our hearts. Everyday, we should be happy and be joyful Bodhisattvas. Naturally, our hearts will open up, our bodies will be healthy and eventually our lives will be more meaningful. Some say, "As a Bodhisattva, one should support the Wayplace and practice the giving of offerings." However, if one has no money to offer, what happens? A saying goes like this: Though we have no money, we have mouths which can refrain from gossipping and praise others instead. We can rejoice in various kinds of merit and virtue. When others are happy, our minds will expand and become joyous. Therefore, I hope that all elders are happy participating in Honoring Elders Day and have joyful hearts to practice the Bodhisattva Path.