梵文第四十一課

Sanskrit Lesson #41

比丘尼恆賢 文 BY BHIKSHUNI HENG HSIEN 比丘尼恆懿 中譯 CHINESE TRANSLATION BY BHIKSHUNI HENG YI



एतेश् चान्येश्च सँबहुकैर् बोधिसत्त्वेर् महासत्त्वेः

etaiś cānyaiś ca saṃbahulair bodhisattvair mahāsattvaiḥ 如是等諸大菩薩

到此,佛說阿彌陀經的法會, 與會的主要菩薩們都已提到了。 Etaiś ca 是指他們,這兩個字很熟 悉。在前文所提的長老或聲聞的名 字,總結和開始介紹代表性菩薩的 名字時,也是用同樣的字。

現在我們來複習一下,etais,anyais,和 saṃbahulair都是形容詞,形容 bodhisattvair。這三個字還是受前文所提的前置詞 sārdham「與」所支配,所以都是助格。在這裡是複數陽性詞,因爲bodhisattva是陽性名詞。Etais是「那些」ca是「和」,指其前面之字。Anyais是「其他」的意思。第一個 ca 和第二個 ca 是相關的,我們可以翻成「如是等」,而saṃbahulair是「諸」的意思。

Mahāsattvaiḥ 直譯是「偉大的 眾生」,是敘述主詞用來做爲 bodhisattvair 的同位格,顯示其特 色:在覺悟 (bodhi) 的眾生 (sattva) 。 中,偉大 (mahā) 的眾生 (sattva) 是 爲首的大菩薩。

एतैश् चान्यैश्च सँबहुलैर् बोधिसत्त्वैर् महासत्त्वै:

etaiś cānyaiś ca saṃbahulair bodhisattvair mahāsattvaiḥ ¹
"(with) both those and numerous other Bodhisattvas,
Mahāttvas."

At this point in the description of the assembly present when the Buddha spoke the *Amitābha Sūtra*, all the principal Bodhisattvas have been named. *Etaiś ca* refers to them. The words are familiar, a virtually identical phrase having been used to conclude the list of names of the representative *śrāvakas* or Sound Hearers, ² and to introduce the list of representative Bodhisattvas.³

To review, etais, anyais, and sambahulair are adjectives describing bodhisattvair. All three words are still governed by the previous preposition sārdham with and so are in the instrumental case, here plural masculine, for bodhisattva is a masculine word. Etais⁴ means those; ca and is translated before the word it follows. Anyais means other.⁵ Here ca is correlative with a second ca, the pair in English being translated as both...and. Saṃbahulair (stem saṃbahula-) means numerous.

Mahāsattvaiḥ, literally Great Beings, is a predicate nominative used in apposition to bodhisattvair 6 as a further characterization: among Enlightenment (bodhi) Beings (sattva), great (mahā) beings (sattva) are the leading Bodhisattvas, great Bodhisattvas. (Continued on page 23)

